## Beginners Running Training Plan <br> Week $4^{1}$

This training Plan assumes that before commencing you could already complete a distance of 3-5 miles ( $5 \mathrm{~km}-8 \mathrm{~km}$ ), either running or walk/running, AND that you've completed the previous 3 week's training sessions There is no cut-off time for this race so completing it safely, with a real sense of achievement and a continued joy of running, is our aim. When training for a race the time spent on your feet is more important than how far you go.

## Mild discomfort when running is to be expected, but if anything causes pain or dizziness, stop immediately.

A reminder of the RPE (Rate of Perceived Exertion) and do remember, your RPE scale is individual to you.

RPE 1: Very Easy-a pleasant effort you feel you could keep up almost indefinitely. BUT not a slow dawdle, keep it brisk to keep your heart rate from dropping TOO much. RPE 2: Comfortable-you're not holding yourself back but you can still easily carry on a conversation.
RPE 3: Comfortably Hard-the highest intensity at which you can speak comfortably. RPE 4: Hard-after a few minutes at this intensity, your breathing is laboured. RPE 5: Very Hard—an effort that you can sustain for a couple of minutes at most

Training plan for the next $\underline{2}$ weeks. Train this week, scale back your training and run your Half Marathon next week.
*Before all of these runs complete the warm-up stretches described in the Strength session.

## Week 4

Day 1: REST

Day 2: INTERVAL RUN/WALK
5 min @ RPE 1
5 min @ RPE 2
( 90 seconds @ RPE 4/2 min @ RPE 1) x 6 sets
5 min @ RPE 2
5 min @ RPE 1

Day 3: STRENGTH 45 min @ RPE 1-2 or Rest

Day 4: WALK 90 min @ RPE 1-2

## Day 5: INTERVAL RUN/WALK

5 min @ RPE 1
5 min @ RPE 2
(2 min @ RPE 5/90 seconds @ RPE 1) x6
5 min @ RPE 2
5 min @ RPE 1

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## Day 6 Walk, Walk/Run or Run, or cross-train (e.g swim, cycle etc) <br> 60 min @ RPE 1-2 or Rest

Day 7: Long Run or Run/Walk 7-10 miles (13km - 16km) @ RPE 2 or RPE 1-2 (No time limit. If you're aiming to complete the race distance in one go aim for the longer distance.

## Half Marathon Week (13.1 miles / 21.1km)

This week you'll complete your Half Marathon in either small chunks throughout the week OR all in one go on Day 7. If you do intend to run the whole thing on Day 7 please do complete the training runs. We've stepped down the intensity and distance of the training runs to allow for either completion over the week ${ }^{2}$ with completion on Day 7, OR recovery so that you're fresh and ready for the entire distance on Day 7.

## Day 1: REST

## Day 2: INTERVAL RUN/WALK

Run (Run/Walk) 3 miles or 5km

## Day 3: Strength

## Day : Run (Run/Walk) 3 miles or 5km

## Day 5: INTERVAL RUN/WALK

Run (Run/Walk) 3 miles or 5 km

## Day 6: REST

## Day 7: COMPLETE YOUR HALF MARATHON!(13.1 miles / 21.1km)

Today you can earn your medal and t-shirt!
How-ever you've planned to do this challenge, you will either:
Option 1 Run 13.1 miles ( 21.1 km )
Option 2 Run / Walk 13.1 miles ( 21.1 km )
Option 3 Walk 13.1 miles ( 21.1 km )
OR Option 4 Complete your Half Marathon by running or Walk/ Running the remaining 4.1 miles or 6.1 km having already completed 9 miles over the rest of the week.

Make sure you start this at a pace you can sustain for the whole distance (maybe with a little heroic sprint finish at the end!!)
2. TrainedbyFaye September 2020

## Strength Training

For this session it's possible to follow along with me for one round of the exercise circuit. Simply repeat each exercise for the number of rounds specified below.
Equipment: A study bench or chair. (A weight such as a kettlebell, dumbbell or bottle of water is optional).
If any pain is experienced, stop.

## Ensure you've watched the video for correct exercise technique.

## Warm up: Dynamic Stretches

You can either continue using the warm up exercise listed below, or I have included a few at the start of this week's video for you to follow along with (listed further below).
Usual Warm up

- Leg Swings x 10 each leg
- Arm Circles $\times 10$ each direction
- High Knees x 10 seconds
- Fast Feet x 10 seconds
- Windmills $\times 10$
- Hip openers x 5 each side
- Side to sides $\times 5$ each side
- Torso twists $\times 5$ each side
- If you're used to strength training you will be performing 3-5 sets of each of the following as a circuit.
- If you are new to strength training you'll be performing 2-3 sets.


## Warm up on Video:

20 x Jumping Jacks or Step outs
$10 \times$ Windmills
$10 \times$ Hip Openers (5 on each side)
$5 \times$ Arm Swings
$6 x$ Chest Openers

## Stength Circuits.

1. Side Plank - up to 30 seconds each side
2. Single leg glute bridge $\times 10$ each side
3. Single leg Deadlift $\times 10$ each leg
4. Step up with Knee Drive $\times 10$ each leg
5. Single leg stand-ups $x 10$ each leg
6. Side Lying Leg Raises $\times 10$ each side
7. Lunge or Split Squat $\times 10$ each leg

I haven't included a cooldown on the video, so make sure you stretch after the session. ${ }^{3}$

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## Nutrition ${ }^{4}$

Did you know that our muscles are made up of $75 \%$ water? And that dehydration can cause a lot of problems, including poor mood and dizziness, fatigue, decreased alertness, constipation, headaches and loss of concentration.

Along with these symptoms, when we exercise and become dehydrated our blood volume decreases, we get decreased blood flow to the skin and decreased sweat rate, meaning that we can't get rid of the heat building up within us (our core temperature).

So of course, before, during and after our runs it's important to stay hydrated.

However, this isn't simply about drinking enough water.

As well as quenching our thirst, what we drink is as important as how much we drink. Our bodies need certain nutrients and minerals to function properly. Sports drinks with added Electrolytes (Sodium, potassium, magnesium, calcium, chloride \& bicarbonate) are great for replacing those we lose through exercising.

Naturally, if we're hydrated when we run, we sweat. One of the minerals we need is sodium. Or salt. And that means we can lose an awful lot of this precious commodity through our skin. The hotter or longer the run, the more sodium we lose. So, if we're only drinking water, we cannot replace the salt our body needs to function.

The recommendation for replacing salt we lose through running is as follows:

## For activity longer than 1 hour add $0.5-0.7 \mathrm{~g}$ of salt per litre of water

So, what can we do, if we don't want to drink salty water, or buy often over-priced ready-made sports drinks, which are generally sold in plastic bottles?

Well, we can make our own. Below are several recipes for home-made sports drinks that might work out cheaper, tastier and more natural than shop bought ones. Plus, you can pop ${ }^{5}$ them into a re-useable bottle.

[^2]Remember though, to try them out on a short run or a walk so you know how your body reacts to them.

Add all of the ingredients together (in a blender if they have anything solid in them) and pop into your water bottle.

## Orange and Lemon Sports Drink

700 ml water

240 ml orange juice
$1 / 2$ cup lemon juice

3 tablespoons of honey
$1 / 2$ teaspoon salt
Sugar-free melon and ginger sports drink
130 g watermelon, cut into cubes
1 teaspoon of fresh ginger
1 pinch of salt
Stevia sweetener if required for taste

## Green tea sports drink

${ }^{6} 250 \mathrm{ml}$ water

1 cup of cooled green tea (any flavour)

[^3]Juice of $1 / 2$ a lemon

1 teaspoon coconut oil (yes this sounds odd, but it won't taste oily and it is high in potassium)

Small pinch of sea salt

## Coconut Water Sports Drink

480 ml water or coconut water, or a mix of both
$1 / 2$ teaspoon of sea salt

4 teaspoons of honey

1 large slice of lemon or lime

You can see how easy these are to prepare, and how few ingredients they need. There's water (whether that's simple h20, or it's the basis of the green tea, or even the water content of the melon), something to make it taste nice (a flavouring like the green tea, melon, or fruit), more often than not a source of carbohydrate (honey, agave, maple syrup) that acts as a fuel replenisher and also to make it taste more palatable if you have a sweet tooth, and of course that vital little bit of salt.

## REMEMBER ${ }^{7}$ :

- Use a fluid plan that has been practiced in training BEFORE a race or long run

And also, during your runs:

- Use a cool beverage that is palatable
- Drink from a user-friendly container, not one that's going to spill all over you, or you can't get the lid off

[^4]- Ensure your fluids are easily accessible
- Drink little and often


## Completing the Noah's Ark Virtual Half Marathon!

Once you've done it, let as many people as possible know - make sure you take a selfie (that bit's optional, honest) and reward yourself in whichever way makes you feel best (high-fiving strangers, a cup of tea, slice of cake, victory lap up and down your street etc) plus send in your evidence of your run/s so you can receive your well-earned bling.
If you're posting your run to your socials, please tag @noahsarkcharity and @trainedbyfaye so we can celebrate with you!

You can also let us know when you'll be doing it. We're all cheering for you!

## Faye x




[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ TrainedbyFaye September 2020

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ TrainedbyFaye September 2020

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ TrainedbyFaye September 2020
    ${ }^{5}$ TrainedbyFaye September 2020

[^3]:    ${ }^{6}$ TrainedbyFaye September 2020

[^4]:    ${ }^{7}$ TrainedbyFaye September 2020

